							Year 9 Overvier	w 2023-24 – PE					
Date	Wk	Wee k	Units St	udied & L	earning O	utcomes		Key Concepts & Assessment					
							8 weeks (16 L	Lessons) (38 Days)					
Teachers 9X			MT	ST	JT	HM/K W	•						
Teachers 9Y			MT/KW	ST	JT	НМ	•						
Tues 5- Sep	А	1	Skills Dev	Skills Dev	Skills Dev	Skills Dev	Unit Learning Outcome GW-recap on how to pe	erform basic shapes, fro	ont and back	Unit Learning Outcome GW-know how to carry	out tactical set plays		
11-Sep	В	2	Netball	Dance	Footb all	Tramp	landing and hands and k BI- perform more advan landing and somersault	nced linking moves for	front and back	BI- To perform set plays EW- To apply set plays i	s in skills against a defenc in games with success	der	
18-Sep*	А	3	Netball	Dance	Footb all	Tramp	EW- perform a sequence and somersault		d back landing,		oly different passes in a g orm a spin dodge and wh		
25-Sep	В	4	Netball	Dance	Footb all	Tramp	•	vith basic shapes, half t	turns and		kline or side line tactic.		
2-Oct	_	5	Fitness Cont	Fitnes s Cont	Fitnes s Cont	Fitness Cont	landings 4. Create a centre court tactic 2. Seat drop in and out 3. Linking front drops or front drops Prior (Y8) Current (Y9) Next (Y1)						
9-Oct	A B	6	train Dance	train Footb all	train Tramp	train Netball		progression/sequences	5	Can apply their knowledge on how	Can create and perform tactics when	Apply skills and tactics to full sig	
16-Oct	A	7	Dance	Footb	Tramp	Netball	Prior (Y8)	Current (Y9)	Next (Y10)	to shoot, getting free, pass, defend in full sided games.	shooting, getting free, passing, defending.	games.	
23-Oct	В	8	Dance	Footb	Tramp	Netball	Perform basic shapes, turns and lands safely on a trampoline	Link shapes, turns and landing safely on a trampoline	To perform adva moves on the Gi criteria e.g. turn	5/10 world teachers da 6/10 World cerebal pal	y		
							15/09-17/09 Rosh Hash 23/9 International day of 2/10-8/10 Dyslexia awd	of sign languages					
Half-Term						eks (14 lesson	is) (34 Days)						
6-Nov	Α	9	Football	Tramp	Netbal I	Dance	Unit Learning Outcome GW- To understand the		oeira	Unit Learning Outcom	e: Football		
13-Nov	В	10	Football	Tramp	Netbal I	Dance	BI- To be able to perform EW- To be able to chore	m in character the cap	oeira dance using	GW-know how to carry BI- To perform set play	y out tactical set plays ys in skills against a defer	nder	

20-Nov	Α	11	Football	Tramp	Netbal I	Dance	1. Learn ginga	stan of samesira		EW- To apply set plays in	n games with success		
27-Nov	В	11	Tramp	Netbal	Dance	Football		step of capoeira ig and timing of gir nd effect	nga step	 Passing – switching play Shooting – power and accuracy 			
	_		_	1			4. Developmen	nt of phrase using [DARTS.	 Defensive Ta Set Plays 	ctics		
4-Dec	Α	4.2	Tramp	Netbal	Dance	Football				σετ. ιαγσ			
		13	T	N - Al I	D	E4b-II	Prior (Y8)	Current (Y9) Learn a set	Next (Y10) N/A	D. 1 (VO)	0 (1/0)	N /244	
11-Dec	В	14	Tramp	Netbal	Dance	Football	KB to complete Create movement	phrase in	N/A	Prior (Y8) Advanced skills	Current (Y9) Application of	Next (Y10 Progressing on	
			61.111		61.111	61.111	phrases that include	differing		development	strategies and tactics	larger games,	
18-Dec			Skills	Skills	Skills	Skills	dynamics based on a	styles.		including control and	including defensive	incorporating	
			Dev	Dev	Dev	Dev	social situation and character.	Learn basic Capoeira steps		turn, outwitting an	tactics, set plays, and	corners, free ki	
							cilaracter.	сароена зтерз		opponent, and developing an	switching the attack. Small-sided	Introduction to referee	
							Equality Diversity	and Inclusion (ED	I) links?	attack. Small-sided	games for		
							12/11 Diwali			games for	understanding.		
							12/11 Remembrance Su 13/11-19/11 Transgend	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	₽	understanding.			
							14/11 World Diabetes D		N.	1/12 World AIDS day			
										3/12-24-12 Advent			
										25/12 Christmas Day			
	Α									Hannukah 18/12-26/12			
		15											
Christmas Hol	liday				6 we	eks (12 lesso	ns) (30 Days)						
8-Jan	В		GCSE &	Fitnes	Handb	TT	Unit Learning Outcome			Unit Learning Outcome			
		16	CAM	S	all		GW-know how to carry BI- To perform set plays	•	•	GW-know how to carry BI- To perform tactical s			
	Α		GCSE &	Fitnes	Handb	TT	EW- To apply set plays i	•		•	ots in games with success	s	
15-Jan		ST1	CAM	S	all			_			-		
	В		GCSE &	Fitnes	Handb	TT	1. Transition pl	•	_	• •	fective forehand topspin		
22-Jan		ST1	CAM	S	all		 Tactically uti Set plays in a 	ilising zonal defenc attack	e	• •	fective backhand topspin fective backhand slice sh		
	Α		Fitness	Handb	TT	GCSE &		of skills in a compe	titive situation	' '	execute tactics to exploi		
29-Jan		19		all		CAM			<u>, </u>	opponents w	eaknesses.		
5-Feb	В		Fitness	Handb	TT	GCSE &	Prior (Y8) Core skills	Current (Y9 Advanced skills			Current (Y9)	Next (Y	
3165		20		all		CAM	development	developed for	Utilising strate and tactics	Advanced techniques	Utilising	Doubles pl	
		20	Fitness	Handb	TT	GCSE &	focusing on ball	example lofted	(formations) vi	including; Footwork u	_	Introduction	
				all		CAM	control, passing,	pass. Small side		pressure.	tactics via	officiate	
							dribbling, and	games for	application. Me	creating spin.	effective skill		
							tackling.	understanding.	sized games fo understanding	Rules of the game (Do	ubles) application. Utilising strategi	ies	
								1	aacrotananig.		and tactics via		
							Equality Diversity	and Inclusion (ED	I) links?		effective skill		
		1	1	1	1	1	25/1 Burns night				application.		
							,				Officiation 111.1	_	
	А						27/1 Holocaust memori	ial day			Officiating within matches	n	

26-Feb B 2						F.	vools (10	Jessans) /24 Days)			1/2 World 6/2-12/2 7/2 Safer	tory month d Hijab day Children's mer internet day ese New Year	ntal health week.	
B 22 CAM	Half-Term		1	l	Ι							· • ·	2007 (1: 6)	
## A ##	26-Feb	R	22	Handbal I	π	&	Fitness	GW- to know the differe	ent types of social groups	i	GW- to ho	ow to lead a h	ealthy lifestyle, in terms	of, physical,
11-Mar	4-Mar			Handbal I	ТТ	GCSE	Fitness	EW- Identify and explain	·	ce drugs	impact ill	health.		
18-Mar		Α	23					0 1			•		•	positive
The form of the principle of the princ	11-Mar			Handbal I	TT		Fitness	, ,				-	-	
18-Mar		В	24					Dui (VO)	Comment (VO)	Name (MA		U	, ,	maa n a a
25-Mar* A 25 CAM CAM	18-Mar			TT			Handbal			_		•	•	
25-Mar* T		Α	25		CAM			equality in sport,	four Cambridge	trends in spo		. ,	·	
CAM	25-Mar*			TT			Handbal	1 1	above	events, sport	<u> </u>	. ,		Next (Y10
Easter Holiday 15-Apr A 27 Athletics cs c						S				etiquette, No		0	•	Understanding
B 26 Easter Holiday 15-Apr A 27 Athletic cs cring 29-Apr A 29 6-May* B 30 Athletic cering B B 30 Athletic cering C Athleti cering C Athleti cering B B 30 Athletic cering B 30 Athletic C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C					CAIVI			drugs.						and somatotype
Easter Holiday 6 weeks (12 lessons) (29 Days) 15-Apr A 27 Athletics cs cs cs 29-Apr B 28 Athletics Paring Corient Paring Cor								Equality Diversity	and Inclusion (EDI) links?			. ,		and apply know
Easter Holiday 6 weeks (12 lessons) (29 Days) 15-Apr A 27 Athletics cs cs cs cs Athleti cs								,			hydratio	on.	healthier lifestyle.	to exam questic for unit 5.
Easter Holiday 6 weeks (12 lessons) (29 Days) 15-Apr A 27 Athletics Athleti cs		В	26								Good Frid	lay 29/3		
15-Apr A 27 Athletics Athleti cs	Easter Holiday	v				6 we	eks (12 les	sons) (29 Days)				,, -		
22-Apr B 28 Athletics Athleti cs cs cs deering A 29 Athletics B 29				Athletics	Athleti						Unit Lear	ning Outcome	: Athletics	
B 28	15 Api	Α	27			1					GW- Lear	n how to run ເ	up or spin to generate po	wer in the
A 29 cering decring and strokes to outwit an opponent. 6-May* B 30 Athletics Orient ering and strokes to outwit an opponent. 13-May A 31 Orienteer ing cs cs cs of the strong and strokes to outwit an opponent. 20-May Orienteer ing cs cs cs of the strong and strokes to outwit an opponent. 2 To develop ground strokes to outwit an opponent. 2 To be able to use the drop shot. 3 To be able to use the drop shot. 4 Assessment-Half-court singles games applying skills and knowledge. Prior (Y8) Current (Y9) Next (Y10) B U - Perform technique to a high standard, perform a run up or spin to generate power and understand how to measure or spi	22-Apr	В	28		CS	cs		BI- demonstrate tactics	in skills	t opponents	BI- Can pe	erform a run u	p or spin to generate po	wer to a good
6-May* B 30 Athletics Crient ering Athletics Athletics Athletics B 13-May A 31 Orienteer ing Crienteer ing Crienteer ing Crienteer Crienteer	29-Apr	Α	29	Athletics		Tennis	Athletics				EW – Perf	form techniqu	e to a high standard, per	
B Grienteer Athleti Cs Cs Athleti Cs Cs Cs Athleti Cs Cs Cs Cs Cs Cs Cs C	6-May*		l	Athletics	Orient	Tennis	Athletics			opponent.	or spin to	generate pow	ver and understand how	to measure
13-May A 31 Orienteer ing cs cs cs Athleti cs cs Cs Cs Cs Athletics cs	Sividy	В			eering				•		•	100m		
20-IVIAY Orienteer ing CS Adhetics Prior (Y8) Current (Y9) Next (Y10 HJ technique HJ competition	13-May		31				Athletics			oplying skills	•		00m	
	20-May			Orienteer	Athleti	Athleti	Athletics	Prior (Y8)	Current (Y9)	Next (Y10	•		2	
B 32		В	32								•	•	ion	

opponents BI- demonstrate tactics EW- apply tactics to a go 1. How to bat to 2. How to bowl 3. How to field	se skills, in rounder's/soft in skills ame to outwit opponents actically tactically			Next (Y10) Development of technical ability & PB's
Prior (Y8)	Current (Y9)	Next (Y1		
To know how to bat, bowl and field in a game.	To tactically, bat, bowl and field in a game.			
key BI- To apply knowledge successfully.	: Orienteering to carry orientate a map to complete a course and e a compass to find a bea	d find markers		
red markers 2. To use land r course 3. To combine a the relay cou	narking to successfully co all skills and work at spee irse now to use a compass to	omplete photo		
Prior (Y8)	Current (Y9)	Next (Y10		
Prior knowledge from activities outside of school and in primary school.	Understand how to orientate a map and use a key, land markings and compass to find control points.	Apply knowled Cambridge nat or DoE		
Equality Diversity Autism and stress aware 25/4 World Malaria Day		?		

Half-Term					7	weeks (14	lessons) (35 Days)
3-Jun	А	ST2	Cricket	Tennis	Orient eering	Rounders	Equality Diversity and Inclusion (EDI) links? LGBTQ+ pride month.
10-Jun	В	ST2	Cricket	Tennis	Orient eering	Rounders	Gypsy, Roma and Traveller history month. 12/6 world day against child labour
17-Jun	Α	35	National Sp	orts week	activities		18/6 autistic pride day 20/6 World refugee day
24-Jun	В	36	Tennis	Cricket	Round ers	Orienteer ing	
1-Jul	А	37	Tennis	Cricket	Round ers	Orienteer ing	
8-Jul	В	38	Rounders	Round ers	Cricket	Cricket	
15-Jul	Α	39	Rounders	Round ers	Cricket	Cricket	

Foundational Concepts

- Skill development, mental and physical well being, health and safety, reflective analysis, leadership, competitive opportunities.
- Technique rehearsal, mental wellbeing, health and safety, reflective analysis, leadership, competitive opportunities
- Students are aware of the importance of using multiple body parts to execute shots and the importance of using effective foot patterns to be in the correct position to execute shots effectively. Students will learn how varying the position of the bat affects the direction and result of contact on the ball.
- Students will need to be in control of their body. Learning how to move smoothly, using the music to help them express their ideas within the project.
- Students will need to be in control of their body. Learning how to move smoothly, using a variety of stimuli to help them express their ideas within the unit. This will build on the work carried out whilst in Year 8.
- Throwing and catching skills developed through Year 7 will be built upon. Also students will have experienced some elements of striking within Primary school and these skills will be developed.
- Students will be introduced to the grip, stance and technique of different shots within the sports. During the process they will reflect on technique and be provided with competitive opportunities within lesson and in extracurricular

Tier 2/3 Vocabulary

- Spinning, vision, spatial awareness, scanning, curling, block, power
- Trajectory, flat, open, closed, follow through, coordination, body stance, ready position, footwork.
- Posture, control, timing, rhythm, cannon, unison.
- Balance, transition, control, fluidity, movement, extension.
- Follow through, long barrier, contact, etiquette, release
- Competitive, trajectory, acceleration, technique, changeover, pacing, timing, reaction time, coordination, speed, muscular endurance, cardiovascular endurance
- Warm up, etiquette, etiquette, technique, reaction time, coordination, forehand, backhand

Links to wider disciplinary knowledge/cultural capital: history, culture, authentic artefacts, music, art(ists), literature?

• Football (or soccer as the game is called in some parts of the world) has a long history. Football in its current form arose in England in the middle of the 19th century. But alternative versions of the game existed much earlier and are a part of the football history.

- Rugby The Reverend William Webb Ellis (24 November 1806 24 January 1872) was an English Anglican clergyman and the supposed inventor of rugby football while a pupil at Rugby School. According to legend, Webb Ellis picked up the ball and ran with it during a school football match in 1823, thus creating the "rugby" style of play.
- Table Tennis The game was invented in England in the early days of the 20th century and was originally called Ping-Pong, a trade name. The name **table tennis** was adopted in 1921–22 when the old Ping-Pong Association formed in 1902 was revived. The origins of the game can be traced to a 12th–13th-century French handball game called jeu de paume ("game of the palm"), from which was derived a complex indoor racket-and-ball game: real **tennis**.
- Dance is a series of support skills and fitness options that enhance every other activity a person will do. For example, spatial awareness and movement development are necessary in every sport an "elite athlete" will participate in. First archaeological proof of dance comes from the 9 thousand year old cave paintings in India. One of the earliest uses of structured dance was introduced in religious ceremonies that told the stories of ancient myths and gods. Egyptian priests used this kind of visual storytelling in their rituals.
- **Gymnastics** is thought to have began in ancient Greece about 2500 years ago where it was used in training to keep fit for sporting activities. In the Greek city of Athens, **gymnastic** tournaments were held, including tumbling, rope climbing, and other similar activities. The gymnasium was the hub of cultural activity.
- The sport of cricket has a known history beginning in the late 16th century. Having originated in south-east England, it became the country's national sport in the 18th century and has developed globally in the 19th and 20th centuries. International matches have been played since 1844 and Test cricket began, retrospectively recognised, in 1877. Cricket is the world's second most popular spectator sport after association football (soccer). Governance is by the International Cricket Council (ICC) which has over one hundred countries and territories in membership although only twelve currently play Test cricket
- Athletics contests in running, walking, jumping and throwing are among the oldest of all sports and their roots are prehistoric. Athletics events were depicted in the Ancient Egyptian tombs in Saqqara, with illustrations of running at the Heb Sed festival and high jumping appearing in tombs from as early as of 2250 BC.
- Gymnasium derives from the Ancient Greek world gymos, which means naked and that's previously how athletes would train and compete in these open-air venues. This was not only for aesthetic reasons, to show off the athletic male form, but it's also thought to have been a tribute to the gods. Note that only men were permitted to train, a stance that would be upheld by many civilisations to come. Gymnasiums were not simply used as places to train. People would also come for communal bathing, socialising and to engage in intellectual and philosophical pursuits. Plato and his student Aristotle were just two philosophical greats would frequent these places. The rationale behind combining these pursuits is that it produced a sound body and mind. The Greeks used the word arete to describe this, which is often translated as 'virtue' or 'excellence'. Essentially, it's the process of becoming the best you can be and fulfilling your potential. For Greek men, the two pillars of physical exercise and education were critical to this. While structured exercise and physical training continued to develop, particularly in the field of gymnastics, the advancement of the gym (or gymnasium) as a dedicated place to exercise did not. The downfall of the Greek and then Roman empires saw an appreciation for art, music, philosophy and the finely-tuned physical form subverted. Christianity's ascension in the West and Isalm, Hinduism and Buddhism's prevalence in the East, turned the physical form into not something to be admired but rejected. Aesthetics was aggressively replaced by asceticism. By the Middle Ages, exercise was simply a by-product of manual labour or military service, not something one pursued to achieve a greater purpose.

Careers links

- All sports can be linked to careers as performers, officials or volunteers.
- The PE corridor has a board linking PE to specific carers in sport and students are signposted here.
- Careers day in school and careers evening.

Equality Diversity and Inclusion (EDI) links?

- All students will be given the same opportunity to partake in all sports through a mixed gender and ability curriculum.
- Promotion of sporting stars that are having a positive effect in Sport at present. This will be used in particular when delivering the specific sport. Basketball (Michael Jordan), Athletics (Dina Asher Smith), Football (Raheem Stirling, anti racism campaigns). Nicola Adams (OBE) within boxing, Gareth Thomas (Wales Rugby Union, British lions Rugby Union) and Elinor Snowsill (Wales Rugby Union) who are all strong advocates of LGBT+ community in sport.
- Promotion of sporting stars that are having a positive effect in promoting LGBT+ in Table tennis at present e.g Kelly Sibley (born 21 May 1988) is a former professional <u>table tennis</u> player and current coach from <u>England</u>. Sibley won the singles, girls doubles and mixed doubles at the UK Junior Championships and has represented England at senior level at the Commonwealth Games, European Championships and World Championships. Sibley married her wife Laura in April 2017.
- All students will be given the same opportunity to partake in all sports through a mixed gender and ability curriculum. Students will be encouraged to work at their own fitness level and intensity and learn how this is essential in order that you can train effectively and safely.
- Strategies and tactics and how students can use their bodies effectively to overcome the opposition.
- Somatotypes (Ectomorph, Endomorph, Mesomorph), taught within theory unit.
- Encouraging students to use physical activity as a way of dealing with stress and pressures within the theory unit.

- During the fitness unit, ensuring students are aware of how they can utilise a training program to ensure that they live a healthy and active life.
- Link to religion via Christine Ohuruogu (400 meter runner)
- Making PE accessible for all with enrichment offered with no costs involved.
- PP students provided with kit and equipment to enable them to partake.

Assessment (Quiz/Tests/application tasks/ ST: Including foundational concepts, wider disciplinary knowledge, key content.)

• Students will be assessed on an ongoing basis throughout the 6 lessons. Assessment will focus on both skill development and application of skills within match situations. Students will also complete a self-assessment that will include knowledge assessment and identification of strengths (www) and areas for development (ebi). This will then be reviewed the following years by students to check on progress.

(Total: 190 Days)

	Overview of Year 9						
Based on your Flight Path	By the end of Year 9, students will have learned						
(E.g. Targets 1L – 4L)							
GW: (E.g. Grade 1)	Details of what content students should have learned; skills acquired; connections they might within and across subject(s). E.g. Students can demonstrate						
BI : (E.g. Grades 2-3M)	Students can recognise						
EW: (E.g. Grades 3U-4L)	Students can understand information from a variety						

Prompt Questions

Now that the revised curriculum has been taught, please consider the Implementation and Impact of the curriculum you taught.

What changes might need to be made to the Curriculum Intent (See Curriculum Map and Overviews) in light of this year's experiences?

Please revisit the prompts from last year:

- What are the Key concepts for this unit?
- How will it link to wider disciplinary knowledge/cultural capital: history, culture, authentic artefacts, music, art, literature?
- How does it build on prior knowledge and link to other units, concepts, years, GCSE?
- What is it intended students will have learned?
- o For each Unit? By the end of the Year?

^{*} Bank Holidays

- o GW:; BI:; EW
- Is it worth summarising in a knowledge organiser?
- Assessment: how do you know they have learned the foundational concepts, curriculum and wider disciplinary knowledge? Does assessment look like GCSE light? Should it?
- Skills used/learned
- Tier 2/3 vocabulary ((Etymology e.g. of Greek/Latin)