				Year 8 Ov	erview 2023	- <b>24 –</b> Art
Date	Wk	Week	Units Stud	ied & Learning	Outcomes	Key Concepts & Assessment
				8 week	s (7/8 Lessons)	(38 Days)
Tues 5-Sep	A	1	John Burgerman inspired designing unit Character design. Develop eight different characters based on friends, food and everyday objects. (eg turn a calculator into a person) Using line only, draw			Creativity and colour work Use your creativity to invent your own characters based on everyday people and objects. Use line work and develop colour pencil skills. Key words for learning/ Tier 2/3 Vocabulary
11-Sep	В	2	characters in p accessories, a Give your char your knowledg shade the char colours are col	pencil. Include phone, a hat, l acter a persor ge of the colou racter. Make s	numerous handbag ect. hality. Use Ir wheel to ure the	Creativity – the use of imagination or original ideas to create something; inventiveness Shading – slight variation or difference of colour Blending – the action of mixing or combining things together
18-Sep*	A	3	them together background fo	. As an extens r your charact	ion, create a er.	GCSE/ Subject Links DT & Media, designing and model making.
			Prior – Y7 Being inspired by an artist.	Current All pupils have designed	Next – Y9 Individual creativity is	The concept of creating characters/cartoons originated in the Middle Ages, and first described a
25-Sep	В	4	The colour wheel and use of colour pencils. Blending and shading skills.	our their own and characters alour and have s. given them a and personality of	their own encouraged. characters Pupils have and have one starting given them a point and personality develop their through the own work use of from that. accessories. Creativity is key to this	preparatory drawing for a piece of art. In the 19th century, beginning in Punch magazine in 1843, cartoon came to refer – ironically at first – to humorous illustrations in magazines and newspapers.
2-Oct	A	5		use of accessories. Creativity is		How will we know they have learned this? Practical evidence, ST tracking exams, Assessment books and questioning. Careers Costume designer, Set designer, Graphic designer,
9-Oct	В	6	<b>GW:</b> You have develop your of look like the of Your colour wo different shade characters on everyday object	haracters. You bjects you hav ork shows at le es. <b>BI:</b> You ha people you kn	ur drawings e chosen. east 3 ive based your ow or	Animator, Book illustrator, Character Artist. Assessment KS3 - Continual verbal feedback - WWW, EBI record that is completed during each project (generally around the middle of the project). End of project
16-Oct	A	7	detailed and the least 5 differer blend them to details/ access E.g. hats, bags, give them a pe	nt shades, you gether. <b>EW:</b> Yo ories to your o , facial express	assessment, in addition to the formal tracki have tried to bu have added characters. sions etc. To	assessment, including self, peer and teacher assessment, in addition to the formal tracking points. At least twice during a project, sketchbooks are shared to gather a holistic understanding of the work, this allows pupils to learn from each other, and be inspired by their peers.
23-Oct	В	8	with accuracy your creativity many different seamlessly into	and detail and . Your colour v t shades and t	l have shown work exhibits	15/09-17/09 Rosh Hashanah 23/9 International day of sign languages 2/10-8/10 Dyslexia awareness week 5/10 world teachers day 6/10 World cerebal palsy day
Half-Term	I	<u>.                                    </u>	1	7 weeks	(7 lessons) (34 [	Days)

	1					Developing 3D Skills, crafting and shaping cardboard.
			Prior – Y7 C	Current	Next – Y9	Accurately and safely using a craft knife. Using
6-Nov	А	9		Il pupils	Pupils will	wallpaper paste and news print to create papier
0-1100		9		ave designed	have the skills	mache. Moulding and shaping newspaper and masking
			U	heir own	ready for the	tape.
				haracters nd have	Identity project where	
			C	onstructed	they make a	Key words for learning/ Tier 2/3 Vocabulary
				hem out of ardboard.	3D letter.	Papier Mache – A malleable mixture of paper and
		ST1		hey have		glue, or paper, flour, and water, that becomes hard
13-Nov	В	511	-	reated		when dry used to make boxes, trays, or ornaments. Construct – Build or make
				ccessories or their		3D – Three-Dimensional. Giving the illusion of depth or
				haracter.		varying distances.
				Creativity is		GCSE/Subject Links: DT and Media, Designing and
				he key to this Init of work.		model making.
					<u> </u>	5
20-Nov	A	ST1	GW: Your charac	ter includes	arms and	Papier Mache originates from China, the inventors
			legs and raised a	reas for faci	al features	of Paper itself. Papier Mache was used to make
			such as eyes. It w	vas been coi	nstructed	helmets of all things dating back to Hans Dynasty.
			properly and has		• • •	
			mache and tissue			How will we know they have learned this? Practical
			includes clear fac			Evidence, ST Tracking exams, Assessment books and questioning.
27-Nov	В	12	accessory. BI: Yo			questioning.
			arms and legs an features and clot			Careers
			constructed prop			Costume designer, Set designer, Graphic designer,
			The paper mache			Animator, Character Artist, Theatre help.
			been smoothed			
			overall look of yo	our characte	er shows	Assessment
4-Dec	A	13	creativity and is e	eye-catching	g as you have	KS3 - Continual verbal feedback - WWW, EBI record
			added bold colou			that is completed during each project (generally
			accessory. EW: Y			around the middle of the project). End of project assessment, including self, peer and teacher
			arms and legs an features and clot			assessment, in addition to the formal tracking points.
			constructed so it			At least twice during a project, sketchbooks are shared
	_		on its own. You h			to gather a holistic understanding of the work, this
11-Dec	В	14	paper colours ca		•	allows pupils to learn from each other, and be inspired
			them down. The	-		by their peers.
			character shows		-	
			added extra acce	essory's and	recycled	12/11 Diwali 12/11 Remembrance Sunday
			items.			13/11-19/11 Transgender awareness week
						14/11 World Diabetes Day
18-Dec	A	15				1/12 World AIDS day 3/12-24-12 Advent
						25/12 Christmas Day
						Hannukah 18/12-26/12
Christmas Holio	dav			6 weeks	; (6 lessons) (30	Davs)
	ud y		Bar code – creat			Creativity and line work
					L	Use your creativity to invent your own 'wacky'
	В	B 16	Look at existing '	'wacky' barc	ode designs.	barcode. Barcodes based on everyday object, hobbies/
8-Jan			Look at existing 'wacky' barcode designs. Using pupils own hobbies/likes design a bar code incorporating these. eg; the		-	likes. Detail in the line work will help this bar code
0-3011					-	come to life.
			prongs of a hair l			
			lines of a bar code/ paint			Key words for learning/ Tier 2/3 Vocabulary
			could be used as	a bar code.	Using line	
	l					

15-Jan	A	17	only, draw 8 d much detail as need to vary, a barcode. Mult incorporated i Prior – Y7 Being inspired by others	s possible. The as they do in a iple bar codes	line widths conventional can be	Drawing - a picture or diagram made with a pencil, pen, or crayon rather than paint Creativity – the use of imagination or original ideas to create an image; inventiveness Detail – to give full information about Composition - the action of putting things together; formation or construction GCSE/ Subject Links DT & Media, designing.
22-Jan	В	18	creativity.	work. All pupils have experimen ted with different ideas and chosen a	d. Pupils have one starting point and develop their own work from	Creativity is a journey. The capacity to be creative is one of the most important characteristics that human beings possess. Long ago, some of our ancestors manifested the human capacity for creativity by seeing a grinding tool in a stone, a piercing projectile weapon in a thin cuneiform shaped piece of flint, or a
29-Jan	А	19	<b>GW:</b> Pupils ha barcodes and collected		-	<ul> <li>mechanism for moving things more easily in a round wheel-shaped object.</li> <li>How will we know they have learned this? Practical evidence, ST tracking exams, Assessment books and questioning.</li> <li>Careers</li> <li>Costume designer, Set designer, Graphic designer,</li> </ul>
5-Feb	В	20	help with the is still recognis The bar code H of line. <b>BI:</b> Pup of both barcoo help with the creative and c code design; t	drawing. The c sable despite t has more than bils have nume des and inspira drawings. The leverly incorpo here is at least	original image he barcode. one thickness erous images ation that will drawings are orate the bar t 4 thicknesses	Animator, Book illustrator, Character Artist. Assessment KS3 - Continual verbal feedback - WWW, EBI record that is completed during each project (generally around the middle of the project). End of project assessment, including self, peer and teacher assessment, in addition to the formal tracking points.
12-Feb	A	21	of line. <b>EW:</b> Pu relevant image drawings. The cleverly incorp there is at leas than one barc refined image	es to use while drawings are porate the bar st 5 thicknesse ode is used in	e creating the creative and code designs; s of line. More	At least twice during a project, sketchbooks are shared to gather a holistic understanding of the work, this allows pupils to learn from each other, and be inspired by their peers. 25/1 Burns night 27/1 Holocaust memorial day LGBT+ history month 1/2 World Hijab day 6/2-12/2 Children's mental health week. 7/2 Safer internet day 10/2 Chinese New Year
	Half-Term					5 weeks (5 lessons) (24 Days)
26-Feb	В	22	Line work – Pattern/ painting Simple lines and shapes when put together can create detailed and intricate patterns. Then when simples block shading is used the patterns that can be complex and very effective. This is a development following on from the zentangle work. Pupils create a grid of 20 boxes and create a different pattern in each ranging from basic to complex. Using			Creativity and colour work Use your creativity design pattern/zentangle. Consider composition when apply the pattern to the face and continue to develop shading skills using paint. Key words for learning/ Tier 2/3 Vocabulary Accuracy – the state of being precise or exact Detail – to give full information about/ not simple Composition – the artistic arrangement of the parts of a picture

			just line work	or/and block	kwork Pupils	Translucent - allowing light, but not detailed shapes,
			skills should de			to pass through; semi-transparent.
					patterns should	Blending – the action of mixing or combining things
			become.	complex the	patterns should	together
			Pupils will the use one of three Artist faces			together
			and using the contour of their face put			GCSE/ Subject Links
4-Mar	Α	23	-		sition is a huge	D&T, Media – Designing.
						D&T, Media – Designing.
			part of this, and where to put the more			Acrilian are fact drying points that can be used straight
			complex patterns will also contribute to the overall success of the composition.			Acrylics are fast drying paints that can be used straight
					y can use colour	from a tube. They can be painted on almost anything and dry into a water resistant surface. While you need
			or monochron	•	•	
				-		to be aware of how quickly they dry, acrylics can be
					e paint needs to	blended beautifully. Watercolour paint, paint made
			be, so as not t			with a water-soluble binder such as gum arabic, and
			important that			thinned with water rather than oil, giving a
			coming throug	gn the paint.		transparent colour.
11-Mar	В	24			,	How will we know they have learned this? Practical
11-Ividi	D	24	Prior – Y7	Current	Next – Y9	evidence, ST tracking exams, Assessment books and
			Some recall of line work and	All pupils	Pupils will	questioning.
			colour theory.	have used zentangle	continue to develop their	questioning.
				patterns	blending and	Careers
				and have	shading skills	Designer, Wallpaper designer, Window Dresser, Print
				used	with paint. They	designer, graphic designer.
				shading and	will also use their line and	
		25		blending	pattern work in	Assessment
				techniques	further projects.	KS3 - Continual verbal feedback - WWW, EBI record
				with paint.		that is completed during each project (generally
					<b>.</b> .	around the middle of the project). End of project
18-Mar	А				terns of varying	assessment, including self, peer and teacher
			-		heir work. Paint	assessment, in addition to the formal tracking points.
			has been appl			At least twice during a project, sketchbooks are shared
			apparent, numerous shades can be seen. Paint is translucent and the face can still			to gather a holistic understanding of the work, this
						allows pupils to learn from each other, and be inspired
			be seen. BI: Pu			by their peers.
					eration has been	by then peers.
			given as to wh		-	Women's history month
			the face, and o			Ramadhan 10/03-08/04
			-		blank. At least	Passover 22/4-30/4
					apparent in each	Good Friday 29/3
			painted section. EW: Complex patterns			Easter Sunday 31/3
25-Mar*	В	26			omposition has	
		-			tour of the lines	
			in the fact has		•	
			patterns. Five-			
			achieved and			
			blended toget	her seamles	sly.	
Easter Holiday				6 wee	ks (6 lessons) (29 I	Davs)
Laster Holludy				0 weer		54757

Mini unit       Shading & blending         Skills based unit – developing shading and       Developing blending and shading         blending with colour pencils       continue to inform every piece of         throughout KS3 & KS4. Learn how       paperils successfully. Learn how to	skills this will
blending with colour pencils         continue to inform every piece of throughout KS3 & KS4. Learn how	ckille thie will
throughout KS3 & KS4. Learn how	
Developing and activity shading and the second second shading the second s	
Dovoloning and refining chading and poncile successfully Learn how to	
15-Apr A 27 Developing and refining shading and pencils successfully. Learn how to	use highlights and
blending techniques using colour pencils. lowlights successfully.	
Students need to build up layers and Learning about colour ranges.	
overlap colours to create seamless	
blending. (you can't see where one shade Key words for learning/ Tier 2/3 V	
starts and another one ends) Students Shading – slight variation or differ	
look at colour ranges, the work is split into Blending – the action of mixing or	combining things
6 different colour ranges, each section together	
must be shaded by certain colours (white Tone – a particular quality of bright	ntness, deepness or
can be used to highlight) hue of a shade/colour	
22-Apr B ST2 Evaluation of own and peer work, learning Primary colours – Yellow, Red and	Blue. Colours that
how to improve and develop the skills. can't be created by mixing	
Prior Current Next – Y9 Secondary colours - Orange, Purp	
Recall of the         All students         Pupils build         Colours that can be created by mi           different         have         on and         of primary colours	xing a combination
different have on and of primary colours techniques experimented practise the	
and shading with shading skills they	at m
experiments and blending have learned. GCSE/ Subject Links: Maths/Geom from Y7. techniques There is	ietry
from Y7. techniques There is and trying to drawing and Blending refers to the technique of	f mixing colours on a
get their work shading in Dienuing refers to the technique t	-
A SIZ Contraction porta of a minimum to add d	-
invented the first pigments—a co	•
	en one of perpetual
amount of pressure, this ensure different discovery. colours are achieved. <b>BI</b> : At least 5	
different tones have been achieved with How will we know they have learn	ed this? Practical
6-May* B <sup>30</sup> the coloured pencils and there is evidence evidence, ST tracking exams, Asse	
of blending. Some parts show that colour questioning.	
has been blended seamlessly. Only the	
colours in each colour range have been Careers	
used. <b>EW</b> : Students have used the pencil Architect, structural engineer, CA	D drawing, Graphic
crayon with some skill, at least 7 different designer, medical imaging, astron	
tones have been achieved and you can see industry.	· ·
how the student has applied different	
pressure to achieve the finished look. Assessment	
Numerous pencils have been used in each KS3 - Continual verbal feedback -	WWW, EBI record
13-May A 31 of the colour ranges. White has been that is completed during each pro	
skilfully used to highlight and darker tones around the middle of the project)	. End of project
have been used to lowlight. assessment, including self, peer a	nd teacher
assessment, in addition to the for	mal tracking points.
At least twice during a project, ske	etchbooks are shared

20-May	В	32				to gather a holistic understanding of the work, this allows pupils to learn from each other, and be inspired by their peers. Autism and stress awareness month. 25/4 World Malaria Day 26/4 Lesbian visibility day UK national walking month. 1/5-7/5 Deaf awareness week 23/05 Vesak
		Half-	-			7 weeks (7 lessons) (35 Days)
3-Jun	A	33	Hundertwasser – Acr painting An introduction to the Hunderwasser. Pupils information; images c and facts. Pupils use t	e Artist s resear of the a	ch and gather rtist's work	Creativity and colour work Use your creativity design a piece of work inspired by an artist. How to create a bespoke piece of work while being inspired by the artist. Developing shading skills using paint. Key words for learning/ Tier 2/3 Vocabulary
10-Jun	В	34	create an A4 critical s develop their skills wi presenting images an Detailed drawings of included. Focus is upo shapes and compositi drawings and images. own piece of work be	ith rega Id facts the wor on the u ion; ove . Pupils eing insp	rd to creatively. rks of Art are use of lines, erlapping of design their bired by the	Accuracy – the state of being precise or exact Detail – to give full information about Composition – the artistic arrangement of the parts of a picture Blending – the action of mixing or combining things together GCSE/ Subject Links
17-Jun	А	35	work of Hundertwass paint on their work. E blending and shading own and peer work, k improve and develop verbally on going.	Develop g skills. E learning	ing their Evaluation of how to	D&T, Media – Designing. Acrylics are fast drying paints that can be used straight from a tube. They can be painted on almost anything and dry into a water resistant surface. While you need to be aware of how quickly they dry, acrylics can be blended beautifully. Hundertwasser made many of his
24-Jun	В	36	previous ha projects' knowle being inspired the a by an artist. Hunder Some recall of r. All colour theory. used si and blo	oupils ave edge of artist rtwasse have shading ending	Next – Y9 Pupils will continue to develop their blending and shading skills with paint.	paints himself. He painted with watercolours, in oil and with egg tempera, with shiny lacquers and ground earth. He used various paints in one painting and put them next to each other, so that they contrasted not only in their colour but also in their texture. How will we know they have learned this? Practical evidence, ST tracking exams, Assessment books and
1-Jul	A	37	techniques with paint         GW: Pupils can recognise the work of Hundertwasser. They have researched and collected relevant information and images the drawing is recognisable as being inspired by Hunderwasser. Paint has been			questioning. Careers Designer, Wallpaper designer, Window Dresser, Art Therapist. Assessment
8-Jul	В	38	applied by Hunderwa applied and blending numerous shades can research is detailed a images have been sel considered compositi explored ways of pres research. At least thre	is appa n be see Ind mor lected. I ion and senting	rent, en. <b>BI:</b> Pupils e obscure Pupils have have their	KS3 - Continual verbal feedback - WWW, EBI record that is completed during each project (generally around the middle of the project). End of project assessment, including self, peer and teacher assessment, in addition to the formal tracking points. At least twice during a project, sketchbooks are shared to gather a holistic understanding of the work, this

15-Jul	A	39	apparent in each section. <b>EW:</b> Each drawing is accurate and detailed. Pupils have developed a creative composition. Five-seven tones have been achieved and each shade has been blended together seamlessly.	allows pupils to learn from each other, and be inspired by their peers. <i>LGBTQ+ pride month.</i> <i>Gypsy, Roma and Traveller history month.</i> <i>12/6 world day against child labour</i> <i>18/6 autistic pride day</i> <i>20/6 World refugee day</i>	
(Total: 190 Days)					

\* Bank Holidays

Overview of Year 8					
Based on your Flight Path By the end of Year 8, students will have learned					
(E.g. Targets 1L – 4L)					
<b>GW</b> : (E.g. Grade 1)	Details of what content students should have learned; skills acquired; connections they might within and across subject(s).				
	E.g. Students can demonstrate				
<b>BI</b> : (E.g. Grades 2-3M)	Students can recognise				
<b>EW</b> : (E.g. Grades 3U-4L)	Students can understand information from a variety				

## Prompt Questions

Now that the revised curriculum has been taught, please consider the Implementation and Impact of the curriculum you taught. What changes might need to be made to the Curriculum Intent (See Curriculum Map and Overviews) in light of this year's experiences?

## Please revisit the prompts from last year:

- What are the Key concepts for this unit?
- How will it link to wider disciplinary knowledge/cultural capital: history, culture, authentic artefacts, music, art, literature?
- How does it build on prior knowledge and link to other units, concepts, years, GCSE?
- What is it intended students will have learned?
- For each Unit? By the end of the Year?
  - GW: ; BI: ; EW
- Is it worth summarising in a knowledge organiser?
- Assessment: how do you know they have learned the foundational concepts, curriculum and wider disciplinary knowledge? Does assessment look like GCSE light? Should it?
- Skills used/learned
- Tier 2/3 vocabulary ((Etymology e.g. of Greek/Latin)